

# Optical Fiber Arc Fusion Splicer

Read this user manual carefully before running KR7.

SWIFT KR7

USER MANUAL

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Device Type	Notification
A Class Device (Broadcasting and communication device, commercial use)	Users need to understand that this device(A Class) has obtained EMI(Electromagnetic compatibility) and been designed to be used in places other than home.

Telephone 042 671 5607~8 Homepage www.ilsintech.com

E-mail saleskorea@ilsintech.com



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	FUR YOUR SAFETY	5
I	SPECIFICATIONS	9
	2.1 General specifications	9
	2.2 Components	10
III.	PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	12
	3.1 Function Buttons	12
	3.2 Part name of Swift KR7	14
IV.	OPERATION	17
	4.1 Supplying power to the Swift KR7	17
	4.2 Turn on the Swift KR7	20
	4.3 Installing the sleeve loader / cooling tray	21
	4.4 Cleaning the fiber	22
	4.5 Inserting the fiber into the sleeve	23
	4.6 Placing the fiber into the holder and stripping	23
	4.7 Cleaving the fiber	25
	4.8 Load the fiber to the Swift KR7	26
	4.9 Splice	27

	4.10	Removing the spliced fiber	29
	4.11	Heating the sleeve	29
٧.	MA	INTENANCE	30
	5.1	Cleaning and examination prior to splicing	30
	5.2	Regular maintenance and cleaning	32
VI.	ME	NU	37
	6.1	Splice	45
	6.2	Heat	53
	6.3	Option	55
	6.4	History	57
	6.5	Calibration	59
	6.6	Electrode	64
	6.7	Lock	67
	6.8	Setting	68
	6.9	Information	72
VII.	ER	ROR MESSAGE	75
	7.1	Too Dirty Fiber	75
	7.2	Replace The Fiber In The Correct Position	75
	7.3	Too Long Fiber	76
	7.4	Fiber Over Angle	76
	7.5	Fiber Is Not Placed In V-Groove. Please Place The Fiber Again	77
	7.6	The Variation Of The Optical Fiber Core. To Cut Back The Fiber	77

|--|

	7.7	Mismatch Fiber Number	78
	7.8	Core Bubble Error	78
	7.9	Gap Limit Over	79
VIII.	HO	W TO DEAL WITH SPLICING PROBLEMS	80
	8.1	When the splice loss is too high	80
	8.2	Abnormal operation of arc fusion splicer	81
IX.	Q 8	a A	82
	9.1	Power	82
	9.2	Splice	83
	9.3	Sleeve heater	84
	9.4	The others	85
X.	WA	RRANTY PERIOD AND SERVICE	86
	10.1	Information required for repair	86
	10.2	? Transport	86
	10.3	3 Repair	87





# I. For your safety

The Swift KR7 is designed to satisfy the user's convenience for both outdoor and indoor use, allowing the operation easy and simple. Still, we strongly recommend our customers to read this user manual carefully prior to running the Swift KR7 in order to prevent any accident and breakdown because improper handling may cause danger. This user manual provides all the necessary information to ensure splicing safely.

Keep this User manual with the device at all times.

ILSINTECH Co., Ltd is not liable for any personal injury, any physical loss and damage to device caused by inappropriate use or unauthorized modification of the equipment.

#### Warnings

Please, turn off the Swift KR7 and disconnect the AC power cord from the AC adapter inlet or the wall socket immediately and contact ILSINTECH Co., Ltd. If any of following incidents occurs while operating.

- ☐ Fumes, odor, noise or overheating.
- ☐ Liquid or foreign substances fall into the device.
- ☐ The splicer is dropped or damaged.

Use the supplied power cord with the Swift KR7 only. Using an improper AC power cord may cause fire, electric shock or personal injury.

DO NOT touch the electrode when the Swift KR7 is on. The high voltage and temperature generated by electrode may cause electric shock or burn.

Connect the supplied AC power cord to the battery. Check to ensure no dust or foreign substance on the AC plugs before connecting it. Unsafe connection may cause the fumes, fire or damage to the Swift KR7 and result in serious personal injury or death.



#### Warnings

Apply correct voltage. The correct input AC power to the adapter is AC 100-240V and 50-60Hz. Abnormally high AC output voltage or irregular frequencies are often generated by AC generator. Please measure the AC output voltage with a circuit tester. Since abnormal high voltage and frequencies may result in serious electric shock, injury, death or damage to the equipment, it is important that regularly check the generator before use. DO NOT excessively pull, amend, misuse or apply heat to the AC power cable. Using a damaged power cable may result in fire or personal injury. Connect 3-core AC power cord. DO NOT use 2-core, cable and plug.

DO NOT touch the AC plugs, AC power cable or the Swift KR7 with wet hands. It may cause an electric shock.

DO NOT disassemble the AC adapter, battery or the Swift KR7. Any modification may cause fire, electric shock or personal injury.

When using the battery, follow instructions below.

- ☐ Using battery other than in the package or provided by ILSINTECH Co., Ltd may cause fumes, damage to the device, burn, serious injury or even death.
- □ DO NOT throw the battery into fire or an incinerator.
- □ DO NOT charge the battery near a flame.
- □ DO NOT apply excessive shock to the battery.
- ☐ If the battery is not fully charged or the green LED is not turned on in about two hours, stop charging immediately and contact ILSINTECH Co., Ltd. DO NOT put anything on the AC adapter while charging.

Use the supplied AC adapter (F1-1) at all times. DO NOT use other type of AC power cord and the battery. Excessive electric current may cause damage to the machine and personal injury.

DO NOT run the Swift KR7 near flammable liquid or explosive gas storage. The electric arc of the Swift KR7 may cause fire or explosion.



### Warnings

DO NOT clean the Swift KR7 using compressed air or gas.

Please check the shoulder belt before transporting. Transporting the case with a damaged shoulder belt, it may cause the damage of the Swift KR7 and the personal injury.

Make sure to wear protective glasses while performing splicing works. If the fiber fragments come into contact with the eye or skin, it can be extremely dangerous.

DO NOT operate the Swift KR7 at a high temperature or near heat, otherwise personal injury or damage to the device may occur.



**EXTREMELY HOT** 



DO NOT SPRAY FREON GAS



CAUTION HIGH VOLTAGE



#### **Cautions**

DO NOT touch the sleeve heater or the sleeve during or immediately after heating them. The hot surface may cause skin burn

DO NOT place the Swift KR7 in an unstable or unbalanced position. The machine may fall, causing injury or damage to the Swift KR7.

The Swift KR7 is precisely adjusted and aligned. DO NOT allow the unit to receive a strong impact. Use supplied carrying case for its transportation and storage. The carrying case protects the Swift KR7 from damage, moisture, shake and shock during storage and transportation.

Replace the electrodes in a timely manner and maintain them as instructed below;

- ☐ Use only a specified electrode.
- ☐ Place a new electrode in the correct position.
- ☐ Replace the electrodes as a pair.

Incompliance with above instructions may cause abnormal arc discharge, resulting in damage to the machine or degradation in splicing performance.

Use no chemicals other than ethyl-alcohol (96% or greater) to clean the objective lenses, V-groove, V-block, Reflection mirror, LCD monitor and body of the Swift KR7. Otherwise, blurring, discoloration, damage or performance deterioration may occur. The Swift KR7 requires no lubrication. Oil or grease may degrade its performance and damage the equipment.

DO NOT store the Swift KR7 in a place where temperature or humidity is high. Damage to the machine may occur.



# II. Specifications

# 2.1 General specifications

Subject	Description
Fiber alignment	Clad to clad alignment(V-Groove method)
Applicable type of fibers	SM(ITU-T G.652), MM(ITU-T G.651), DS(ITU-T G.653), NZDS(ITU-T G.655), ITU-T G.657
Fiber count	Single fiber, 2~12 Core ribbon fiber
Applicable fiber dimensions	Single: Clad dia. 125 μm, Buffer dia. 250 μm, 900 μm Ribbon: Clad dia. 125 μm, Buffer thickness. 250~ 400 μm
Fiber setting and cleaved length	10mm
Splicing modes	Splice mode: 100, heat mode: 100
Typical Splice Loss	SMF: 0.05dB, MMF: 0.02dB, DSF: 0.08dB, NZDSF: 0.08dB
Return loss	> 60dB
Splicing Time	16sec
Splice loss estimate	Available
Sleeve heating time	Single: Within 30sec Ribbon: Within 40sec
Applicable sleeve	40mm, 60mm, Micro
Storage of splice result	Splice loss data-10k, splice image data-10k
Tension test	2N



Operating condition	Altitude: 5,000m, temperature: -10°C~50°C Humidity: 0~95%, Wind speed: 15m/s, Non-condensing Dust proof, Water proof, Shock proof
Storage condition	Temperature: -40°C~80°C, Humidity: 0~95% Non-condensing
Dimensions	142(W) x 163(L) x 146(H)mm (with Bumper)
Weight	2.0kg(2.5kg with battery)
Viewing method and display	2-CMOS image sensor, 4.3" Color LCD monitor, Touch panel
Fiber view and magnification	20X, MAX 55X
Power supply	DC Lithium polymer battery(DC 14.8V, 6,000mAh), 100~240V AC Adaptor
Number of splice	
cycles with battery	200 cycle
cycles with	200 cycle more than 1,500 times

# 2.2 Components

# 2.2.1 Standard items

No	Description	Model No.	Quantity
1	Arc fusion splicer	Swift KR7	1
2	AC Adaptor	F1-1	1
3	Sleeve Loader	S312	2
4	Electrode	EI-22	2



5	Battery	K713	1
6	Alcohol Dispenser		1
7	Cooling Tray	CT-03	1
8	Manual Stripper	IHS-12	1
9	Cleaver	CI-02R	1
10	Fiber Holder	H7-250, H7-900 H7-12	1 set of each holder
11	Air Blower		1
12	Tool Box		1
13	User manual		1
14	Carrying case	HC-03	1

# 2.2.2 Optional items

No	Description	Model No.
1	Battery	K713
2	Cleaver	CI-02R
3	Cleaver Blade	BI-05
4	Electrode	EI-22
5	Fiber Holder	H7-250, H7-900, H7-2.5, H7-2, H7-4, H7-6, H7-8, H7-10, H7-12 H7-IN
6	Sleeve	R-F40(40mm)
7	Sleeve Clamp	SC-01
8	External Power	DC 12V Cigar Jack



# **III. Product Description**

# 3.1 Function Buttons

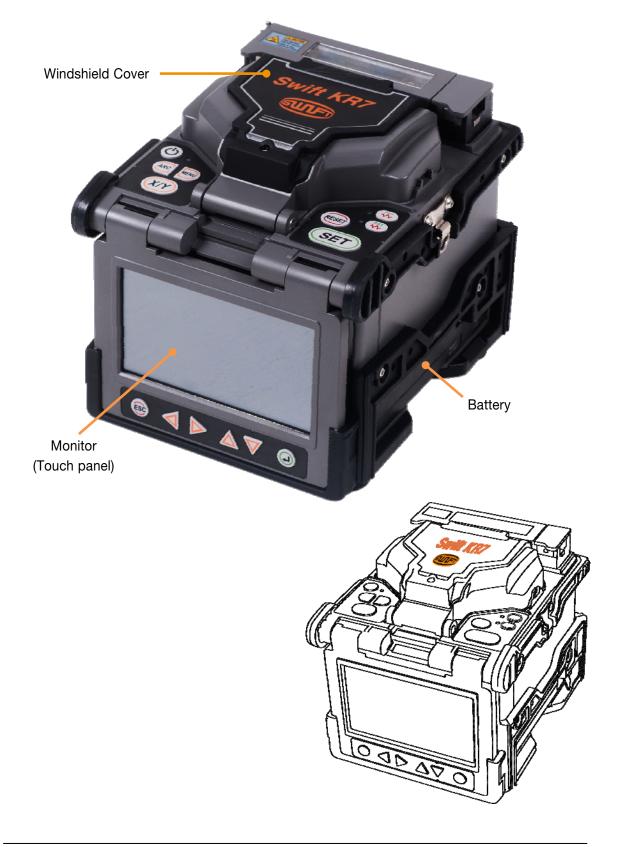
Button	Description	
To turn the power on/off-press button for about 1.0 second in POWER ON status, monitor turns off. Turn off the power after 2~3 seconds		
	To move the cursor to left. To lower the brightness of screen. To move the fiber & camera. To call the splice pop-up menu.	
To move the cursor to right.  To raise the brightness of screen.  To move the fiber & camera in manual mode.  To call the heat pop-up menu.		
	To move the cursor upward. To select X/Y/Z-motor in manual mode.	
	To move the cursor downward. To select X/Y/Z-motor in manual mode.	
MENU	To call the main menu screen.	
To initialize the splicing function.  To move back to the previous step.		
	To confirm the selected command. To move to the next step.	



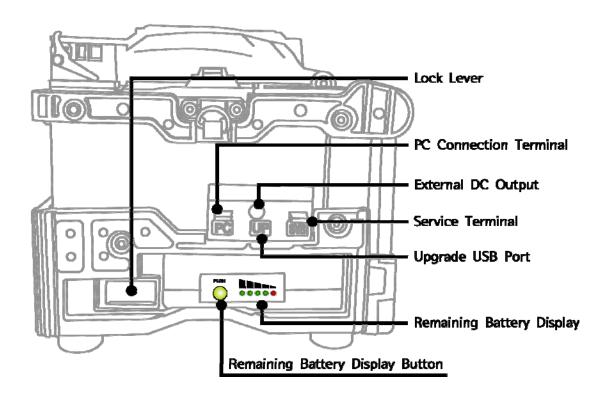
SET	To execute splicing command.
RESET	To return to the initial screen. To initialize the splicing function.
X/Y	To display X screen and Y screen alternatively.
ARC	To activate arc discharge.
<b>W</b>	To activate the sleeve heater 1.
₩	To activate the sleeve heater 2.

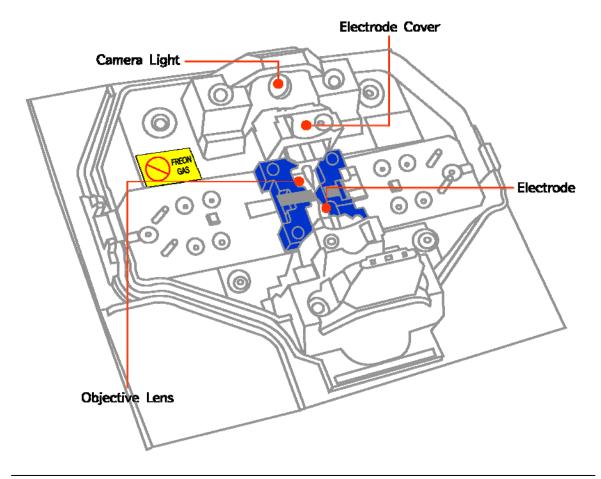


# 3.2 Part name of Swift KR7

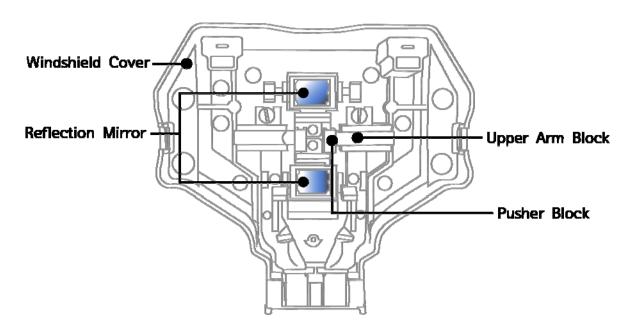


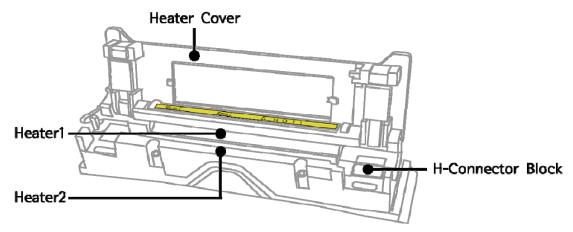


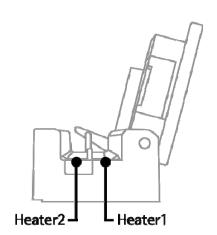














# IV. Operation

The initial screen is displayed as below. It is important to choose a right splice mode and heat mode to ensure an accurate splicing result. The basic information of the Swift KR7 is displayed on the initial page. Before splice, make sure the appropriate mode is selected.



### 4.1 Supplying power to the Swift KR7

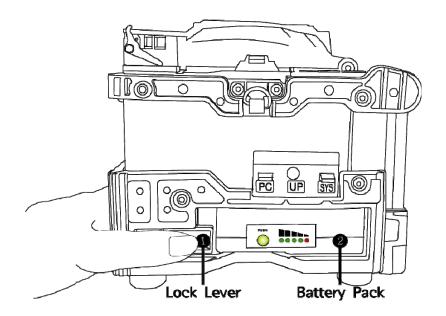
It is strongly recommended to use the AC adapter (F1-1) and battery (KR713) provided with package. Using a battery other than provided may cause fumes, fire, and damage to the device, personal injury and death.

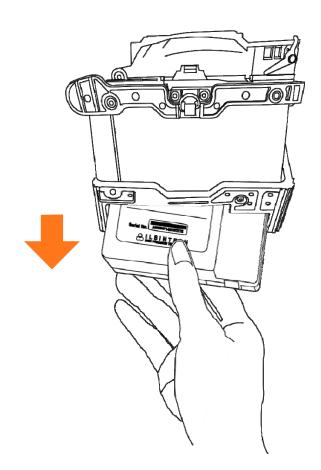
#### 4.1.1 How to insert and detach the battery





Insert the battery into the battery groove until it clicks.





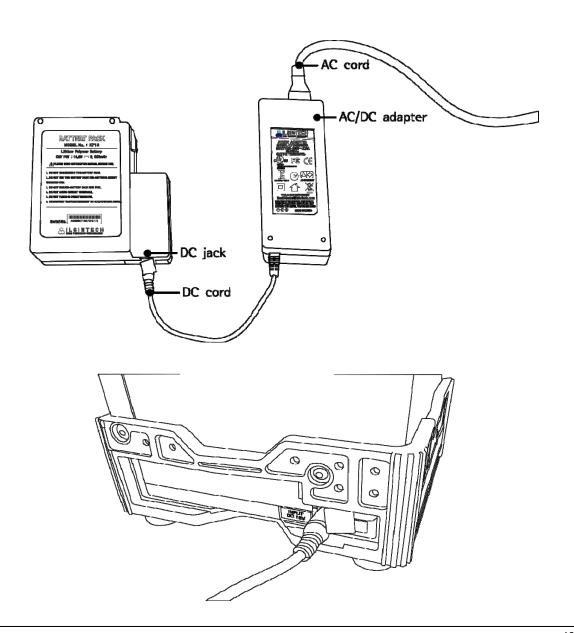
Please make sure the power is off before removing the battery. Remove the battery by releasing lock lever.



#### 4.1.2 How to charge the battery

Make sure the voltage and frequency and connect the DC cord of the AC/DC adapter to the DC jack of the battery. The LED turns to green when the charging is completed. The battery includes the protection circuit that prevents full discharge and full charge. The supply of power stops once the protection circuit is activated. In order to deactivate the protection circuit and resume feeding power, wait about 10 seconds and connect again the DC cord to the DC jack.

Swift KR7 can be charged during operation because the floating charging method is applied. The battery can be also charged with 12V Cigar jack charger.





#### 4.1.3 How to check remaining battery capacity

Press to check the remaining battery capacity.

Remaining battery amount (Monitor)	Remaining battery capacity display (LED)	Percentage remains
(5 bars)	PUSH 5 LED	80 ~ 100%
(4 bars)	Push 4 LED	60 ~ 80%
(3 bars)	PUSH 3 LED	40 ~ 60%
(2 bars)	PUSH 2 LED	20 ~ 40%
	PUSH 0000 1 LED	10%
(1 bars) (No bar)	OLED Nothing displayed	5% or less

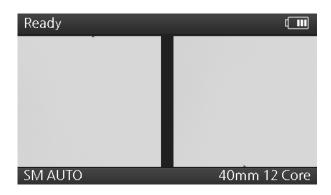
It is strongly recommended that the battery must be charged as remaining capacity reaches to 10 % (1 bar). If not, there occurs the splice loss.

#### 4.2 Turn on the Swift KR7

Press and hold for about 1.0 second without opening the windshield cover. The initial screen is displayed as below after resetting all their initial functions. It is important to choose a right splice and heat mode to ensure an accurate splicing

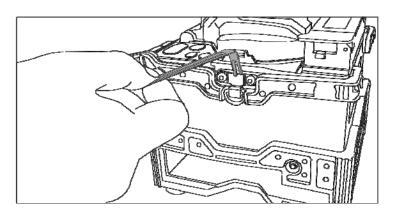


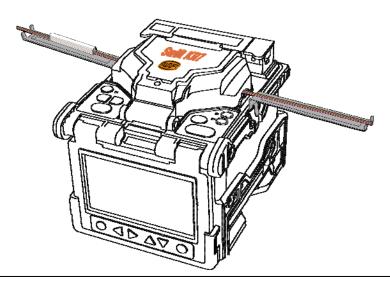
result. The current splice and heat mode are displayed at the bottom of the initial page.



# 4.3 Installing the sleeve loader / cooling tray

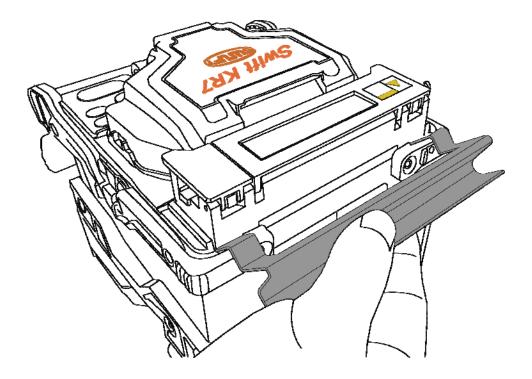
Get the sleeve loader installed as follows.





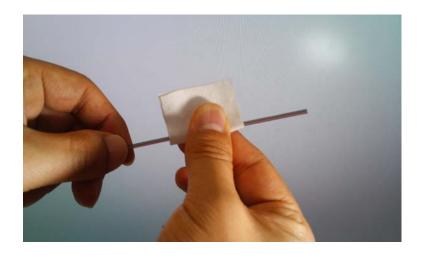


Install the cooling tray on the rear side of heater as follows.



# 4.4 Cleaning the fiber

Clean carefully the fiber with a piece of soft cloth or gauze soaked in alcohol. Dust on the fiber coating surface may increase attenuation and cause the fiber break after the heating of sleeve.





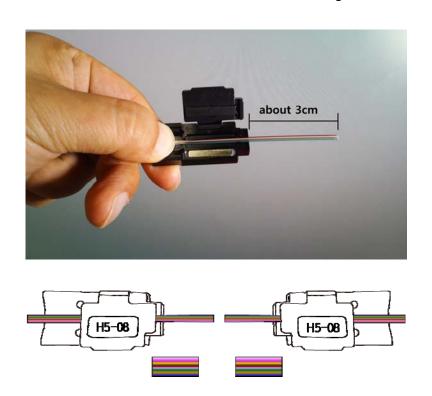
## 4.5 Inserting the fiber into the sleeve

Insert the fiber into the sleeve.



## 4.6 Placing the fiber into the holder and stripping

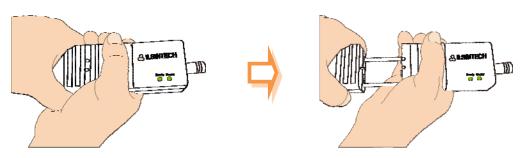
Place the fiber on the fiber holder as shown below. In the case of ribbon fiber, the color of each fiber should be matched each other left and right.



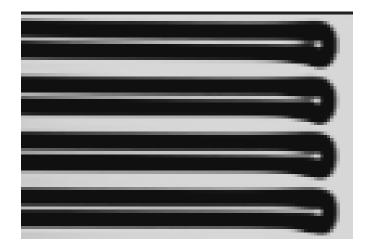


Strip the fiber using by the manual stripper as shown below.



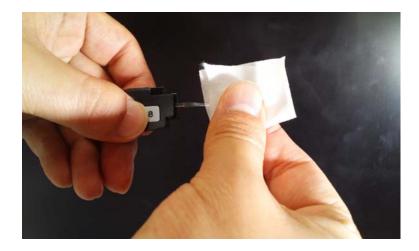


The tip of the fiber should be removed after [arc calibration].
Otherwise, it may cause serious damage to the stripper blade.





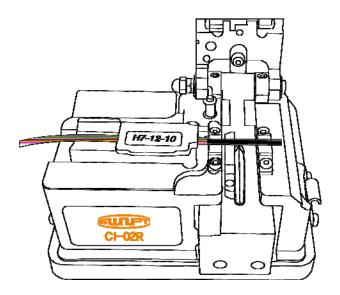
Clean carefully the fiber with a piece of soft cloth or gauze soaked in alcohol.



Use high quality ethyl-alcohol with higher than 96% purity.

## 4.7 Cleaving the fiber

i. Place the stripped fiber on the V-groove of the cleaver and check the length to cleave the fiber. Separate the each fiber when using the ribbon fiber. If the each fiber is not separated, it can make the problem on the cleaving.



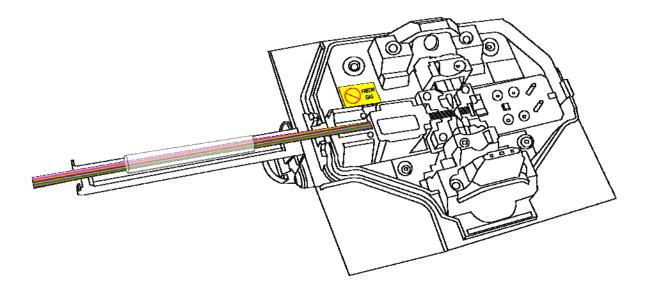


- ii. Pull down and press the cover to cleave the fiber.
- iii. Lift the cover and take out the cleaved optical fiber.
- iv. Remove the fiber fragments and dispose it in a proper container.

Please read user manual of the cleaver for more detailed information about the operation of the cleaver.

#### 4.8 Load the fiber to the Swift KR7

i. Open the windshield cover. Insert the fiber holder on the Swift KR7



- ii. Make sure that the tip of the prepared fiber does not contact other object.
- iii. Place the other fiber in the same way as directed above.
- iv. Close the windshield cover carefully.
- 🕖 To reduce align time; place the fiber properly.

Place the each fiber on the V-Groove property when using the ribbon fiber.



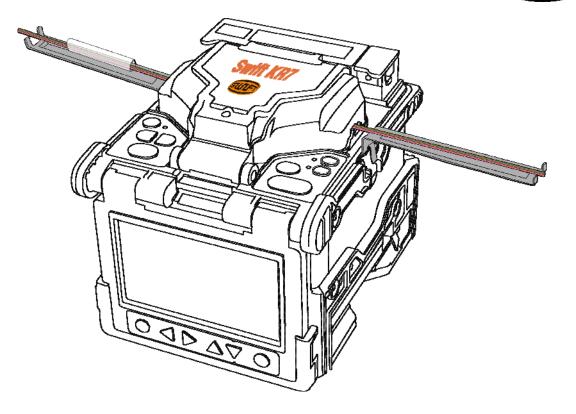
#### 4.9 Splice

The condition of the fiber can be observed via the image processing system in the Swift KR7. However, the visual inspection is necessary to ensure better splice result. The splicing process starts as soon as the windshields cover is closed in Auto mode.

- i. The fibers loaded in the splicer move toward each other.
  - The movement stops at the positions after the fiber cleaning arc. Then the splicer checks cleaved angle, end-face quality and dust. If the measured cleaved angle is bigger than the preset limit value or any damage of the fiber is discovered, an error message appears on the screen and the splice process stops. Though no error message appears on the screen, visual inspection on cross section is recommended as the process stops.
- ii. After inspection, the both fibers are aligned clad to clad The measured values of cleaved angle and off-set can be displayed on the screen.
- iii. After completion of the fiber alignment, arc discharge is performed to splice the fibers.
- iv. The estimated loss value is measured after splicing and displayed on the screen.

The estimated loss value is affected by various error related elements. And, these elements also influence the estimation and computation of the value. The computation of the loss value is based on measurement factor. If the estimated loss value is greater than the preset limit, an error message appears on the screen. Also, an alarm can be triggered by the discovery of an abnormal condition of the spliced part including too thick or thin area or bubbles. Even if an error message does not occur, it is recommended to perform the arc fusion process again if the result on the screen does not look good enough.

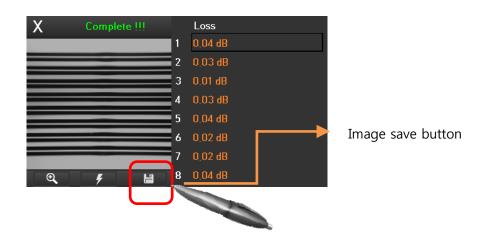




v. The splice result is stored as follows.

The splice result is automatically stored when the splice is completed.

Press either the at the bottom center of the screen or to save the splice image.



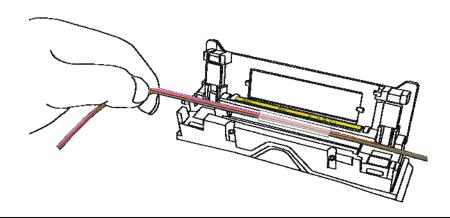


### 4.10 Removing the spliced fiber

- i. Open the sleeve heater cover.
- ii. Open the windshield cover.
- iii. Hold the left-fiber holder and open the cover of the right-fiber holder.
- iv. Open the cover of the left-fiber holder.
- v. Hold the both sides of the spliced fiber and remove the fiber from the Swift KR7 carefully not to break.

#### 4.11 Heating the sleeve

- i. Move the center of sleeve to the splice point. Make sure the strength member in the sleeve is downward
- ii. Put the sleeve to the center of the sleeve heater.
- iii. Apply tension to the fiber downward so that the sleeve heater cover is closed automatically.
- to start sleeve heating.
- v. The LED is turned off when sleeve heating is completed.
- vi. Open the heater cover and remove the fiber. Do not touch the sleeve and heater part immediately after heating.
- vii. Check to ensure there is no bubble, fragments or dust in the sleeve at all times.





# V. Maintenance

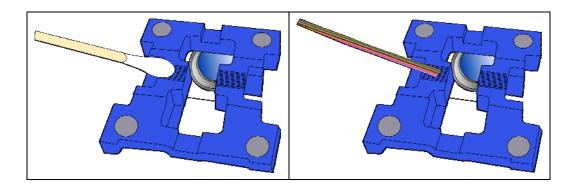
#### 5.1 Cleaning and examination prior to splicing

### 5.1.1 Cleaning V-groove

Any contaminants inside the V-groove will affect the splicing condition of the fiber, resulting in higher splice loss. Hence, it is important to inspect the V-groove often and clean it periodically in accordance with following ways.

- i. Open the windshield cover.
- ii. Clean the bottom of the V-Groove with a cotton swab soaked in alcohol.

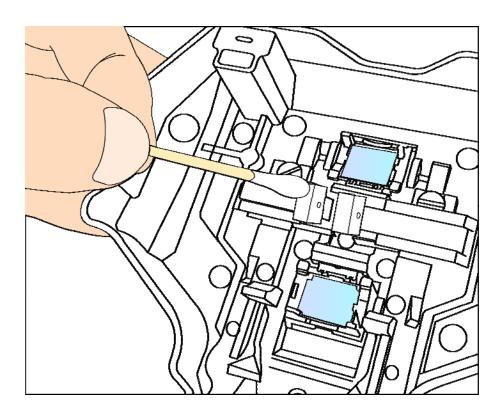
  Remove the remaining alcohol inside the V-groove with a clean and dry cotton swab.
- iii. If the foreign substances contaminants inside the V-groove are not removed by the cotton swab soaked in alcohol, use the tip of the cleaved optical fiber. And then, repeat step 2 again.



#### 5.1.2 Cleaning the Pusher Block

Any contaminants remaining in the Pusher Block can affect the holding position and result in bad splice result. Hence, it is important to inspect it often and clean it regularly.

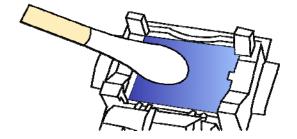




#### 5.1.3 Cleaning the reflection mirror

If the reflection mirror gets dirty, it will decrease the transparency level of the optical path and cause the improper position of the fiber, resulting in higher splice loss. Clean the reflection mirror in accordance with following instructions. After cleaning the reflection mirrors, you should perform a Diagnostic Test.

- i. Clean the surface of the reflection mirror with a thin cotton swab soaked in alcohol. Remove the remaining alcohol with a clean and dry cotton swab.
- ii. The reflection mirror must be kept clean without a line, scratch or stain.

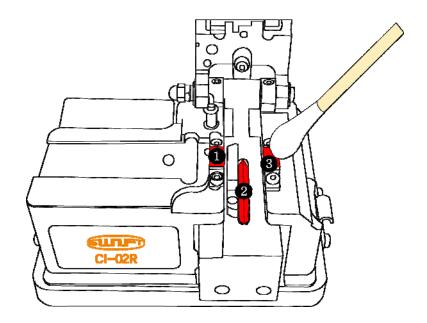


iii. Turn on the power and perform a diagnostic test.



#### 5.1.4 Cleaning the cleaver

The performance of the fiber cleaver can be deteriorated if the blade or clamp pads of the cleaver are contaminated. In addition, the contamination of the fiber surface or tip can cause higher splice loss. For this reason, it is important to clean both the blade and clamp pads of the cleaver with a cotton swab soaked in alcohol.



### 5.2 Regular maintenance and cleaning

It is crucial to perform inspection and cleaning on a regular basis to maintain the splice quality of the Swift KR7.

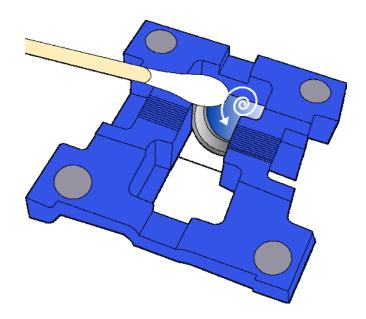
### 5.2.1 Cleaning the objective lenses

The contamination of the objective lenses surface may cause inaccurate observation of the fiber position, resulting in higher splice loss and poor performance of the Swift KR7. Therefore, the two objective lenses have to be cleaned on a regular basis. Otherwise, the dust sticks on the surface and it may become irremovable eventually. Clean them as instructed below.

i. Turn off the power of the Swift KR7 prior to cleaning the lenses.



- ii. Remove electrodes.
- iii. The lens in a circular motion from the center with an alcohol-soaked soft cotton swab as below picture. Remove remaining alcohol on the surface of the lenses with dry and clean cotton swab.



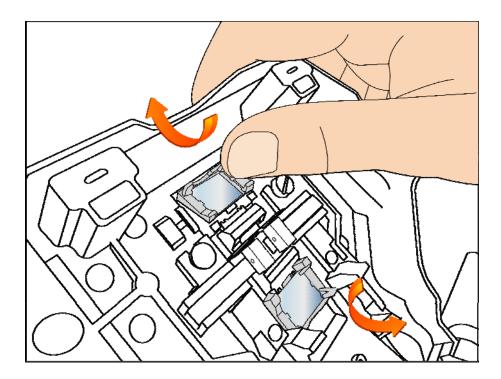
- iv. Check to ensure there is no line, scratch or stain
- v. Re-assemble electrodes correctly.
- vi. Turn on the power and perform a diagnostic test.

### 5.2.2 Replacement of the reflection mirror

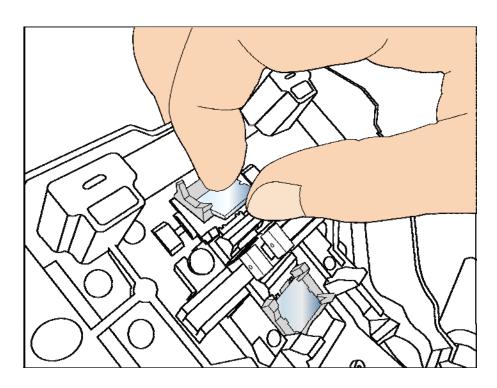
If the dust, stain on the reflection mirror won't be cleared completely, the reflection mirror has to be replaced

- i. Turn off the Swift KR7
- ii. Open the windshield cover and, as shown in the below figures, push out the reflection mirror case hook until you hear a click sound. Lift the reflection mirror lock and detach the reflection mirror.





- iii. Insert a new reflection mirror into the reflection mirror lock and assemble the parts in reverse order of disassembling.
- iv. Clean the reflection mirror.
- v. Inspect it
- vi. Turn on the power and perform a diagnostic test.

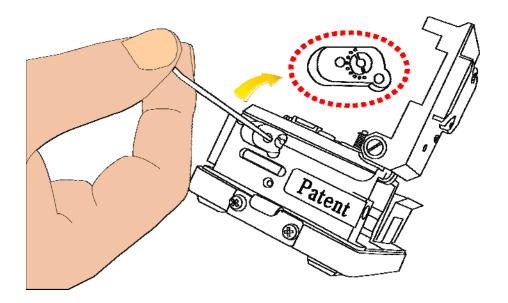




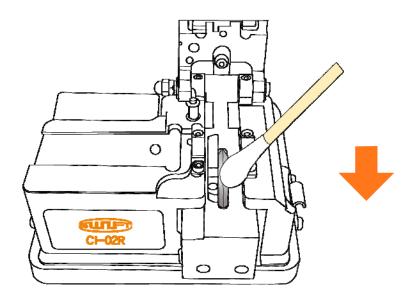
## 5.2.3 Rotation of the cleaver blade

If the cleaver does not properly cleave the fiber, rotate the blade as follow the instructions.

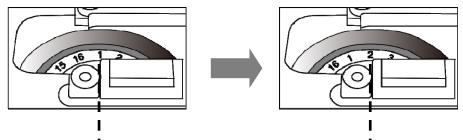
i. Loosen the left and right setscrew using 1.5 hex wrenches.



ii. Rotate the cleaver blade just 1 step using the cotton swab. (16 steps blade)





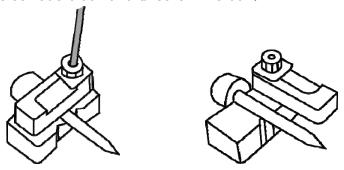


iii. Tighten the left and right setscrew using 1.5 hex wrenches.

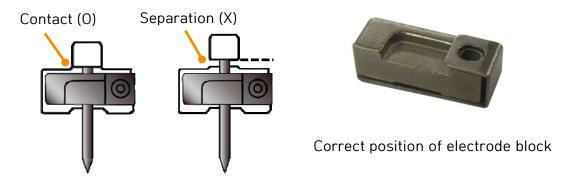
## 5.2.4 Electrodes Replacement

The recommended replacement cycle of an electrode is 1,500 times. If the real arc count exceeds the replacement cycle, a message for electrodes replacement appears. Without replacing the worn electrode, the splice loss increases and the spliced point becomes weaker.

- i. Turn off the splicer power.
- ii. Open the electrode block and unscrew the bolt.



iii. Remove the electrode block and take out the used electrode.



- iv. Carefully clean the new electrodes with a cotton swab soaked in alcohol and install them.
- v. Turn on the power. Perform the stabilization of the electrode by running the [Electrode Stabilize] menu.

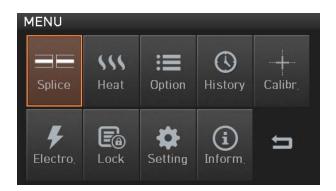


# VI. Menu

There are 9 sub menus in the main menu. To call a main menu, press



be selected by using and or click the screen. The main menu is as below.



#### ■Splice

- ✓ Del: delete splice mode
- ✓ Replace: select a splice mode from database, replace it
- ✓ New: add a new mode from database
- ✓ Edit: edit a splice parameters
- ✓ Select: select a splice mode for operation
- ✓ Close: close menu window

### ■Heat

- ✓ Del: delete heat mode
- ✓ Replace: select a heat mode from database, replace it
- ✓ New: add a new mode from database
- ✓ Edit: edit a heater parameters
- ✓ Select: select a heat mode for operation
- ✓ Close: close menu window



#### ■Option

✓ Default: Auto, Pause, Auto Heater

#### ■History

- ✓ Display memory: display a splicing data and image
- ✓ Clear Memory: erase the whole data
- ✓ Copy to USB: copy the whole data into USB

#### ■Calibration

- ✓ Arc Calibration: calibrate an arc power
- ✓ Diagnostic Test: test an state of the Swift KR7
- ✓ Dust Test: test a dust in optical path
- ✓ Led Test: test a LED brightness
- ✓ Motor Drive: drive a motor manually
- ✓ Touch Cal.: calibrate a touch screen position

#### **■**Electrode

- ✓ Electrode Caution: set a caution message for replacement
- ✓ Electrode Used: display an arc count number
- ✓ Electrode Replace: display an warning message
- ✓ Electrode Stabilize: stabilize an arc discharge current
- ✓ Clear Arc Count: erase an arc count number

#### Lock

- ✓ Splice Lock: lock a splice mode
- ✓ Heat Lock: lock a heat mode
- ✓ Clear memory Lock: lock a splice result
- ✓ Password Query: ask a password

#### ■Setting

- ✓ Language: select a language
- ✓ Date: set a current time
- ✓ Power Save: set a sleep function of the Swift KR7
- ✓ Password: change a password
- ✓ Buzzer: change a buzzer volume
- ✓ LCD Brightness: change a monitor brightness



### ■Information

- ✓ Maintenance Info: display a date for maintenance
- ✓ Sensor Value: display a temperature, pressure and humidity
- ✓ Program Ver: display the version
- ✓ Help: display the help contents as below
  - The names of parts
  - Clean and Inspect
  - Warnings
  - A/S Contact List
  - Video Manual (Menu settings, Operation, Maintenance)



## POP-UP Menu

The pop-up menu is new feature of the Swift KR7. The purpose of the pop-up menu is to allow quick access to frequently used modes like splice mode and heat mode. The user can access the pop-up menu in various ways;

## [How to call a POP-UP Menu]

i. Press for splice pop-up menu in the initial state or click left-lower corner

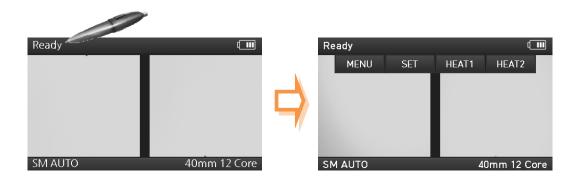


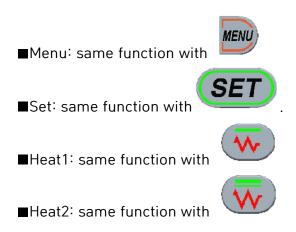
ii. Press for heat pop-up menu in the initial state or right-lower corner



iii. Click Left-upper corner







## [Splice POP-UP Menu]

### ■ How to add

i. Press for splice pop-up menu in the initial state

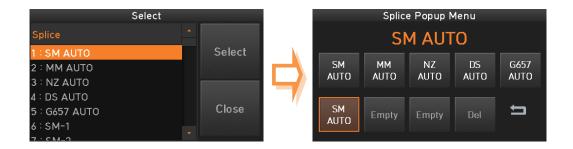


ii. Select Empty slot





#### iii. Select the splice mode



#### How to delete

i. Click "Del"



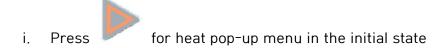
ii. Select mode to be deleted





## [Heat POP-UP menu]

#### ■ How to add

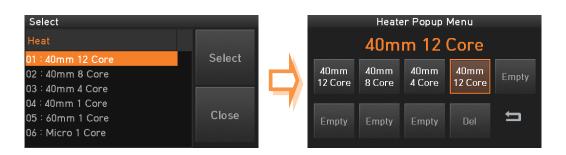




### ii. Select Empty slot



#### iii. Select the heat mode





### ■ How to delete

i. Click "Del"



ii. Select mode to be deleted





# 6.1 Splice

In normal operation mode, to call the splice menu, press . Then you can see the splice menu as below. There're already various splice modes and whatever the user can select for easy operation. Also the splice mode will be stored up to 100. The splice mode is classified as a normal mode and a user mode.

- Normal splice mode: mode number 1 to 65
- User splice mode: mode number 65 to 100





## [Summary of Splice Mode]

Splice mode	Description	
AUTO	The Swift KR7 identifies the number of fibers automatically. Users are not allowed adjusting arc discharge amount.  AUTO mode consists of SM AUTO, MM AUTO, NZ AUTO, DS AUTO, G657 AUTO.	
SM-1 ~ SM-12	For splicing basic single mode fibers. MFD is 9~10um at the wavelength of 1310nm.	
NZ-1 ~ NZ-12	For splicing NZDS fibers. MFD is 9~10um at the wavelength of 1550nm. WDM fibers can be spliced in this mode as well.	
DS-1 ~ DS-12	For splicing DS fibers. MFD is 7~9um at near 1550nm.	
MM-1 ~	For splicing multi-mode fibers.	



MM-12	Core diameter : 50.0 ~ 62.5um
G657-1 ~ G657-12	For splicing G.657A1 fibers G.657A1 is improved bending loss than basic SMF(G.652D) MFD is 9~10um at near 1550nm.
Other	Other splice modes are saved in the Swift KR7 database.  New splice modes will be continuously added to the database. Please contact ILSINTECH Co., Ltd for the latest available splice modes.

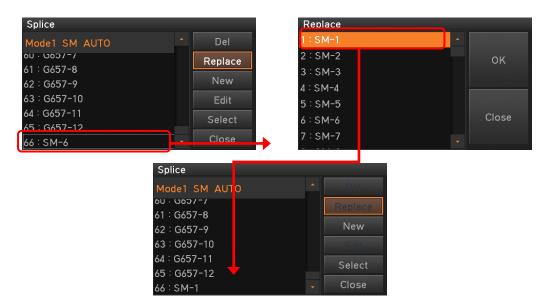


## 6.1.1 Del

Firstly select the splice mode; click "Del", the selected splice mode is deleted. The splice mode from No.1 to No.65 can't be deleted.

## 6.1.2 Replace

Click "Replace", then the splice modes stored in memory is displayed on the screen. Select the splice mode to be replace, click "OK". The selected splice mode replaces the last blank mode.

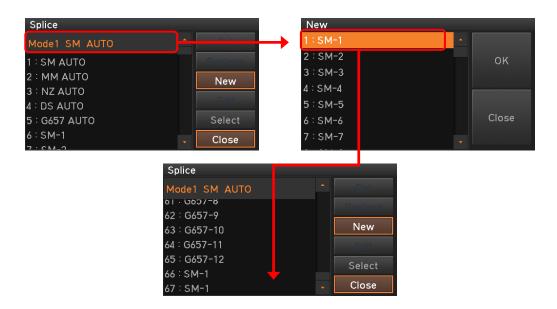


The splice mode from No.1 to No.65 can't be replaced.

### 6.1.3 New

Click "New", then the splice modes stored in memory is displayed on the screen. Select the splice mode, click "OK". The selected splice mode is added the last blank mode.

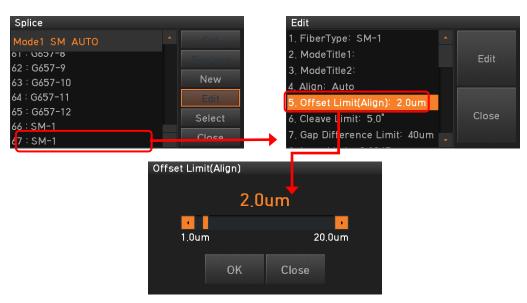




The splice mode from No.1 to No.65 can't be added.

### 6.1.4 Edit

Click "Edit", then the splice parameters is displayed on the screen. Select parameters, adjust it for proper operation.



The splice mode from No.1 to No.65 can't be edited.



# [Editable parameters in mode]

Parameters	Description	Normal mode	User mode
Fiber type	The splice modes saved in the database are displayed. The mode selected by the user is copied to the splice mode in the user side program.		
Mode title 1	The title can be composed of 1 to 11 characters.		
Mode title 2	It consists of up to 11 characters and is used to provide more detailed information. It can be found in the [Splice Mode] menu.		
	It is used to set the fiber arrangement methods		
Align	"Auto": Fibers are aligned to the center position automatically.	Non	
	"Manual": Fibers are aligned directly with motor control.		
Offset Limit (Align)	It sets the offset range of each fiber when aligning the fibers.	Editable	Editable
	It sets the tolerance range of cleave angle.		
Cleave Limit	An error message appears when a measured right, left or both angles exceed the range.		
Can Difference	It estimates the gaps of the corresponding fibers.		
Gap Difference Limit	An error message appears when the deviation of the gap is greater than the maximum range.		
	It sets the error range of estimated loss.		
Loss Limit	An error message appears when the estimated loss is greater than the maximum range.		
Proof test	If [Proof Test] is set to "ON", a test is carried		



	out during the opening the windshield after		
	splicing or pressing RESET.		
	A short period of arc discharge is performed		
Cleaning Power	to remove the fine dust on the fiber surface		
ū	as setting the distance between the cross		
	sections of the fibers.		
Cleaning Time	The duration of arc discharge is set.		
Gap	It sets the distance between the left fiber and		
Оар	right fiber.		
Con ant Don	It sets the position of the fibers to the center		
Gap set Pos.	of arc discharge.		
	It is set by the prefuse power from the		
	beginning of arc to the moment before the		
	fibers start moving forward. At this moment,		
	if the initial value is too low, the axis' offset		
Prefuse Power	can occur due to bad cross section angle of		
	the fiber. On the other hand, if the initial		
	value is too high, the fiber can be burned out		
	or shaped round, resulting in aggravating the		
	splice loss.		
	It is set by the prefuse time beginning of arc		
	to the moment before the fibers start moving		
Prefuse Time	forward. The meaning of [long Prefuse time]		
	indicates greater [Prefuse power].	Non	Editable
	It sets the duplication amount of the fiber	Editable	Larrabio
	from the forward amount. If [prefuse power]		
	is weak or [prefuse time] is not long enough,		
Overlap	the [overlap] needs to be smaller. On the		
	other hand, it should be set to bigger if the		
	arc is strong or the time is longer.		
	The arc can be adjusted by two steps. The		
Arc1 Power	first step is [arc1] and second is [arc2]. [arc1]		
7 6 6 6	is set here.		
Arc1 Time  It sets the time of [arc1].			
Arc2 Power	It is the second step of arc. [arc2] is set here.		
Arc2 Time	It sets the time of [arc2].		



Arc2 On-Time	In general, [arc2 time] is set to "OFF". It is possible to set a very long arc time; however, if the [arc1 time] and [arc2 time] is longer than 30 seconds, the electrode can be damaged.  It sets arc to ON and OFF alternatively while the [arc2] is performing arc discharge. The duration of [arc2] operating time is set here. Arc discharge time ON has to be set always in order to conduct re-arc.		
Arc2 Off-Time	It is used to set the duration of [arc2] non- operating time. When the [arc2] stops working, the re-arc stops as well. Set this parameter to "OFF" if a continuous re-arc is required.		
Re-arc Time	It sets the re-arc time.  It automatically sets the re-arc to discharge the same amount as [Arc 2] in [Splice Mode Edit]. If arc 2 is set to ON and OFF, the re-arc is automatically set to ON and OFF as well.		
Taper Splice	The splice loss rate increases sometimes when the fiber becomes thinner. The taper splice is set to "OFF". The attraction is decided by following three parameters.	Non Editable	Editable
Taper Wait	It sets the time between the last moment of fiber's moving forward and the initiation of attraction.	Luitable	
Taper speed	It sets the speed of the fiber attraction.		
Taper Length  Offset	It sets the time of attraction.  It refers to the sum of the initially measured splice loss value and increased loss value.  When splicing special types of the fiber or different kinds of the fiber, a higher splice loss can occur even under an optimized arc discharge condition. The minimum value of the actual splice loss has to be set in order to accord the actual splice loss value with		



estimated splice loss value.

## 6.1.5 Select

Click "Select", then the selected splice mode is stored in the memory for operation.

## 6.1.6 Close

Click "Close" to go to the previous menu.



## 6.2 Heat

In normal operation mode, to call the heat menu, press . Then you can see the heat menu as below. There're already various heat mode and the user can select for proper operation. Also the heat mode will be stored up to 100. Please note that the user can't use the Del and Replace keys and use Edit key partially from mode No 1 to No 6.





## [Summary of Heat Mode]

Parameters	Description	Remark
R-F40	2 core~12core 40mm Ribbon fiber Sleeve	Non editable
60mm	Standard 60mm Sleeve for 0.9mm fiber	for Sleeve
40mm	Standard 40mm Sleeve for 0.9mm fiber	Type, Mode
Micro	Micro Sleeve for 0.25mm fiber	title1,2

### 6.2.1 Del

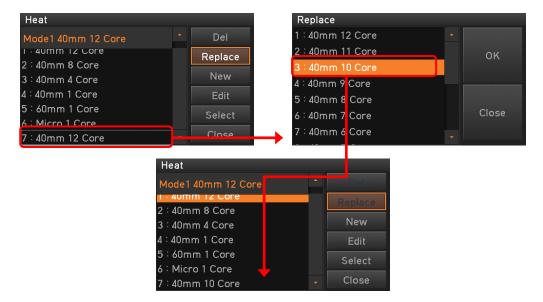
Firstly select a heat mode; click "del", the selected heat mode is deleted. The mode from No 1 to 6 can't be deleted.

## 6.2.2 Replace

Click "Replace", then heat modes stored in memory are displayed on the screen. Select a heat mode, click "OK". The selected heat mode replaces the last blank



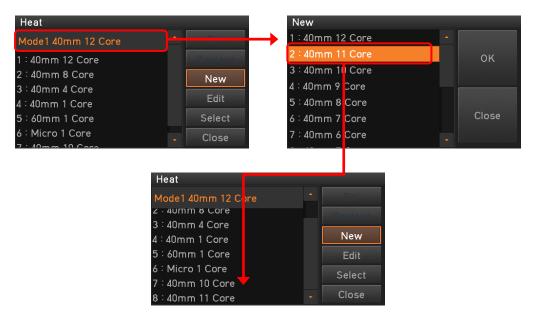
mode.



The mode from No 1 to 6 can't be replaced.

### 6.2.3 New

Click "New", then heat modes stored in memory is displayed on the screen. Select a heat mode, click "OK". The selected heat mode is added the last blank mode.

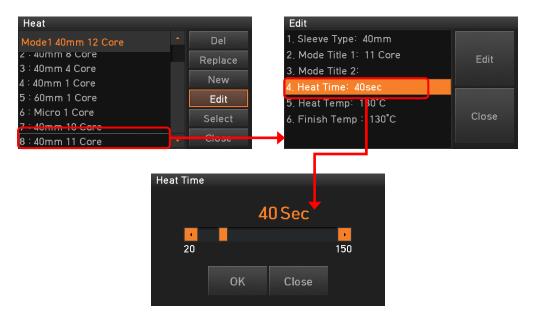


The mode from No 1 to 6 can't be added.



### 6.2.4 Edit

Click "Edit", then heat conditions stored in memory are displayed on the screen. Select parameters, adjust it for proper operation.



The heat mode from No.1 to 6 can't be edited.

## 6.2.5 Select

Click "Select", then the selected heat mode is stored in the memory for operation.

### 6.2.6 Close

Click "Close" to go to the previous menu.

## 6.3 Option

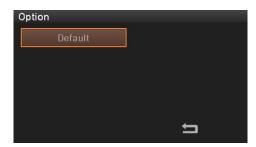
In normal operation mode, to call the option menu, press . Then you can see the option menu as below. There're already various functions and whatever the user can select for proper operation.





## 6.3.1 Default

Default is composed of 3 sub check boxes. To activate a Default menu, check a check box.





Parameters	Description
Auto splice	Do splice process automatically
Pause	Stop the process after the preset position, press for next
Auto Heat	Power on sleeve heater automatically after splicing process.



## 6.4 History

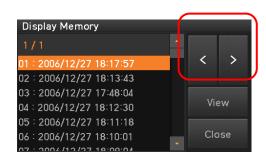
In normal operation mode, to call the history menu, press . Then you can see the history menu as below. There're already various functions to display data and image also copy such data to USB memory.

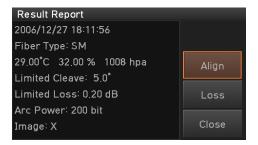


## 6.4.1 Display Memory

The 10,000 both splice loss data and image can be stored and the user can see them. Each page has 500 loss data and splice image, click "< >" to move the page. After choosing a data with scroll bar, click View to see.









# 6.4.2 Clear memory

Clear memory erases the whole data.





# 6.4.3 Copy to USB

Copy to USB copy the whole data into the USB.







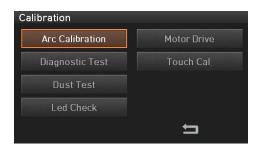
## 6.5 Calibration

In normal operation mode, to call the calibration menu, press . Then you can see the calibration menu as below. There're already various functions to arc test, dust test and motor drive test.



### 6.5.1 Arc Calibration

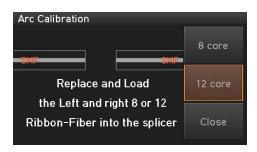
The arc calibration is; the variation of temperature, humidity and air pressure has been detected by internal sensors continuously. Based on such a variation, supply a feedback data into the monitoring system to adjust an arc power a constant level. Additionally the changes in arc power due to the abrasion of the electrode and glass adhesion are not automatically calibrated. Also, the center axis of arc discharge may be moved to left or right. Thus the fiber splicing position is not matched to arc discharge center. For this reason, Arc calibration is required



- ■Arc calibration is a function to change the value of arc discharge voltage. It is used for the computation program for splicing. In addition, the calibration value of arc discharge cannot be changed in the splice mode.
- ■For the purpose of Arc calibration, 12 core or 8 core single mode fibers are used



- i. Place the SM fiber to splicer.
- ii. Click "OK".



iii. Result similar to following is displayed on the screen when measuring is completed.

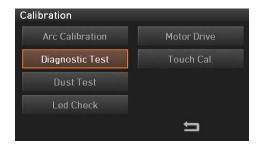




- iv. The calibration can be stopped by pressing completed.
- even if it has not
- The tip of the fiber should be removed after [arc calibration].Otherwise, it may cause serious damage to the stripper blade.

## 6.5.2 Diagnostic Test

Diagnostic test executes various types of tests at a time. It is executed in the order Dust Test, LED Check.

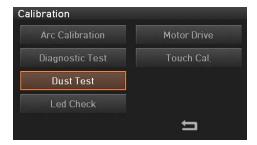




	Test item	Description
1	Dust Test	Refer on Dust Test, without fiber
2	LED Test	Refer on LED Check, without fiber

### 6.5.3 Dust Test

Dust Test checks the foreign substance in the optical light path to see if it is contaminated.



- i. Remove any fibers placed in the splicer
- ii. Click "Dust Test".
- iii. If an error message appears on the screen after checking, clean the reflection mirror and the objective lenses and perform [Dust Test] again.Refer to "Maintaining splice quality" for the instructions on how to clean.

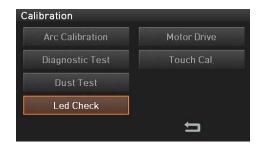


iv. Press to end Dust Test.

## 6.5.4 LED Check

LED Check checks the brightness of LED. If the brightness of LED is not proper, the image analysis processing is not accurate, causing bad splice results.





- i. Remove any fibers placed in the arc fusion splicer
- ii. Click "LED Check".
- iii. If an error message appears on the screen after checking, contact ILSINTECH Co., Ltd.
- iv. Press to end LED Check.

### 6.5.5 Motor Drive

It checks the operating status of the motor manually.



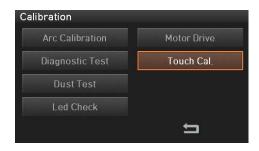
- i. Place the fiber in the splicer.
- ii. Click "Motor Drive".
- iii. Use to select a motor. The name of the selected motor is displayed at the top left on the screen.
- iv. Use to move the selected motor to a desired direction.

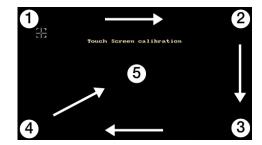
Motor	<b>⋖</b>	<b>&gt;</b>
ZL/ZR	ZL/ZR Move forward	ZL/ZR Move backward
S	Move step by step press a button	
М	Move while pressing a button	



## 6.5.6 Touch Cal

It checks the position of touch screen.





- i. Click "Touch Cal".
- ii. Click "+" (5 points that appear in sequence)



to end Motor Calibration.



## 6.6 Electrode

In normal operation mode, to call the Electrode menu, press . Then you can see the Electrode menu as below. It is necessary to regularly check and clean the electrodes because they are worn out. The silica oxidized substances is deposited as the electrodes go through numerous times of splices. There're already various functions to arc count, replace time and other.



### 6.6.1 Electrode Caution

It determines the arc count for alert message. The recommended replacement cycle of an electrode is 1,500 times use.

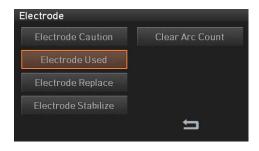


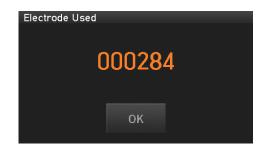


### 6.6.2 Electrode Used

It displays the used arc count.

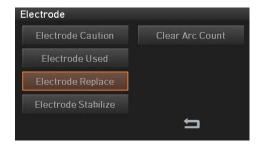


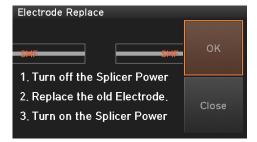




## 6.6.3 Electrode Replace

The recommended replacement cycle of an electrode is 1,500 times use. When the set cycle completes, a message to replace the electrode appears.

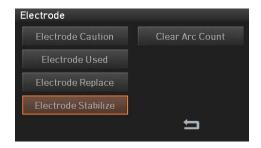




### 6.6.4 Electrode Stabilize

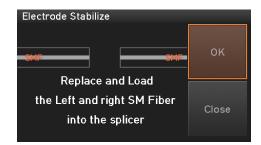
Sometimes, surrounding environment may cause the occurrence of irregular arc discharge or splice loss increase. In particular, since it takes a while until discharge is stabilized when the splicer is in lower or higher location, you have to keep adjusting the discharge until the electrodes are stabilized. Especially after installing new set of electrodes, the user must do Electrode Stabilize as follows.

- i. Place the fiber in the arc fusion splicer.
- ii. Click "Electrode Stabilize".





#### iii. Click "OK".



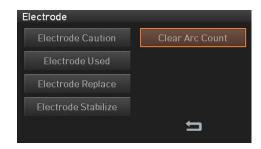
- iv. Perform 30 cycle continuous arc discharge to stabilize the electrodes.
- v. Result similar to following is displayed on the screen when measuring is completed.



vi. After completing the Electrode Stabilize, ARC Calibration should be performed separately.

### 6.6.5 Clear Arc Count

It erases the number of arc count. When insert new set ofelectrodes, please reset arc count.







## **6.7** Lock

In normal operation mode, to call the Lock menu, press . Then you can see the Lock menu as below. Also it is possible to limit the modifications with respect to the total splice mode, heat mode, and internal memory data by setting up a password. You have to remember the password. If you forget the password, the device has to be brought to the ILSINTECH Co., Ltd to fix it.





	Test item	Description
1	Splice Lock	Lock the modification of the splice mode.
2	Heat Lock	Lock the modification of the heat mode.
3	Clear memory Lock	Lock the modification of the memory.
4	Password Query	To call a password window The initial password is "1234".

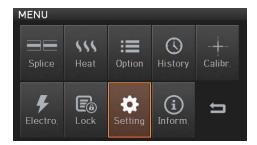


# 6.8 Setting

In normal operation mode, to call the Setting menu, press the Setting menu as below.



. Then you can see



## 6.8.1 Language

It sets a language to be displayed on the screen.





## 6.8.2 Date

It sets the date and time in the calendar.









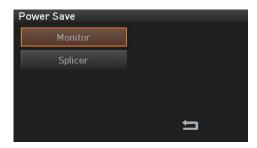
#### 6.8.3 Power Save

It is an important function in terms of energy efficiency. When the Swift KR7 operates with a battery, we recommend activate this function to increase your working time.



#### 6.8.3.1 Monitor

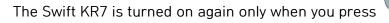
The LCD will be automatically turned off, if you don't operate the Swift KR7 for a setting time. The monitor is turned on again when you press any button.





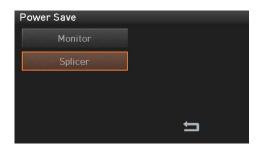
## 6.8.3.2 Splicer

The Swift KR7 will be automatically turned off, if you don't operate it for a time set.











#### 6.8.4 Password

Set up a new password as follow.



i. Enter a current password.The initial password is "1234".



ii. Enter a new password.



iii. Confirm a new password.





■ If an incorrect password is entered or you press a wrong button, the screen moves to upper level.





■ You have to remember the password. If you forget the password, the device has to be brought to ILSINTECH Co., Ltd to fix it.

### 6.8.5 Buzzer

To adjust the buzzer volume.

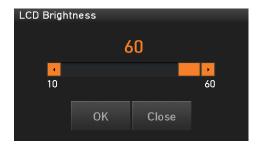




### 6.8.6 LCD Brightness

To adjust a monitor brightness.







### 6.9 Information

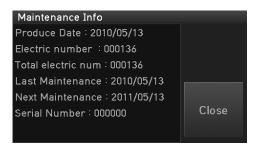
In normal operation mode, to call the Information menu, press . Then you can see the Information menu as below. There is some information for your maintenance.



### 6.9.1 Maintenance Info

Click "Maintenance Info", following information is displayed.





Item	Description
Produce date	The date when equipment was manufactured (year, month and date).
Electric number	Arc discharge count since the replacement of the electrode.
Total electric number	Total arc discharge count since its first operation.
Last maintenance	The date when the device was maintained most recently.



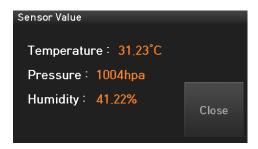
Next maintenance	The date when the device will be maintained next time.
Serial number	The unique serial number given to the device.

### 6.9.2 Sensor Value

Click "Sensor Value", following information is displayed.

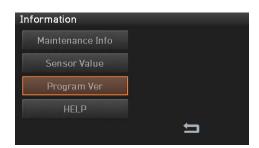
The splicer consists of various sensors including temperature, pressure and humidity.





### 6.9.3 Program Ver

Click "Program Ver", following information is displayed. The firmware is upgraded using USB memory.



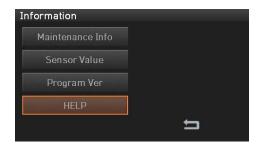




#### 6.9.4 HELP

Click "HELP", following help is displayed







Item	Description	
The Name of Parts	The main part of the Swift KR7	
Clean and Inspect	How to clean and inspect	
Warnings	Warnings	
A/S Contact List Service contact point		
Video Manual	3 kinds of video manual (Menu settings, Operation, Maintenance)	



# VII.Error message

### **7.1** Too Dirty Fiber

It is displayed when the fiber prepared for splice is contaminated more than normal status.

How to: Reset the fiber after cleaning.

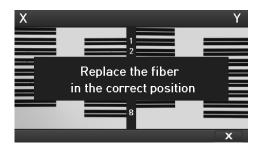


# 7.2 Replace The Fiber In The Correct Position

It is displayed when the fiber is not placed in the middle of the electrodes and V-groove or the objective lenses or reflection mirror is contaminated.

How to: Press and place the fiber in the middle of the electrodes and V-groove.

How to: Check the condition of the lenses and reflection mirror and remove any dirt.





### 7.3 Too Long Fiber

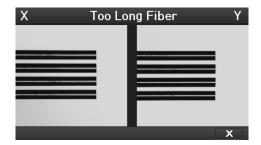
It is displayed when the fiber is placed too close to the electrode, the lenses or reflection mirror is dirty or LED light is not bright enough.

How to: Press

and place the fiber again.

How to: Remove dust and dirt from the lenses and reflection mirror.

How to: Conduct an LED test. If an error occurs, contact ILSINTECH Co., Ltd.



# 7.4 Fiber Over Angle

It is displayed when the measured cleaving angle of the fiber is greater than the limit.

How to: Reset the fiber after checking the condition of the cleaver

How to: Check the value of the cleaving angle.





# 7.5 Fiber Is Not Placed In V-Groove. Please Place The Fiber Again

It is displayed when the fiber is not placed on the V-Groove.

How to: Place the fiber again

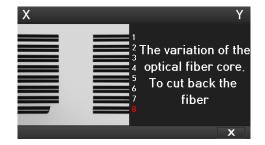


# 7.6 The Variation Of The Optical Fiber Core. To Cut Back The Fiber

It is displayed when the measured variation of the fiber length is greater than the limit.

How to: Reset the fiber after checking the condition of the cleaver

How to: Check the value of the variation.





### 7.7 Mismatch Fiber Number

It is displayed when the number of fibers is not consistent with opposite side.

How to: Check all the fibers are placed on the V-Groove

How to: Make sure broken fibers

How to: Check the splice mode is being used properly



### 7.8 Core Bubble Error

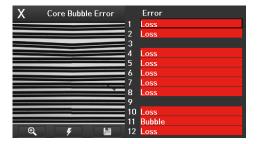
It is displayed when bubbles or dots exist in the spliced part after completing the splice.

How to: Check the condition of the cleaver.

How to: Clean the V-groove.

How to: Check the condition of the electrode.







# 7.9 Gap Limit Over

It is displayed when the measured gap of the fiber is greater than the limit. How to: Reset the fiber after checking the condition of the cleaver





# VIII. How to deal with splicing problems

# 8.1 When the splice loss is too high

☐ It may have been caused by dirt or dust on the surface of fibers.			
<ul> <li>Carefully clean the surface of the fibers.</li> <li>DO NOT clean the fiber after being cleaved so as to prevent the contamination of its cross section.</li> </ul>			
The arrangement of the fibers can be interrupted by the dirt in the V-groove.			
■ Keep the V-groove clean at all times.			
Bad electrodes			
■ Replace the electrodes. The tips are bent or contaminated if they are worn out.			
Improper arc discharge or arc discharge time			
<ul> <li>Check the set values of arc discharge amount and arc discharge time and reset them, if necessary.</li> <li>The machine is delivered after being set to the most optimized values from the factory.</li> </ul>			
values from the factory.  Inappropriate splice mode			
■ Check if the proper splice mode for the fiber has been selected.			



# 8.2 Abnormal operation of arc fusion splicer

- $\square$  The alignment motion is repeated.
  - Open and close the windshield cover again.
  - Rest the system by pressing when an error occurs by opening the windshield cover. Turn off the power and contact ILSINTECH Co., Ltd.
- ☐ The error message of "Too Long Fiber" appears repeatedly.
  - Reset and turn off the power. Contact ILSINTECH Co., Ltd.



# IX. Q & A

### 9.1 Power



- ☐ Unable to turn off the power by pressing
  - Press the switch and hold it for about 1 second and release the button when the monitor is turned off.
- ☐ Unable to splice as number of times as the splicer normally does with the battery that has been fully charged.
  - If the power saving mode is not activated, the battery runs out quickly. Please refer to [Setting Menu] for more information. If the battery has not been used for a while, charge it again until it is charged fully.
  - Use a new battery if the current battery was used for a long period of times and its suggested lifetime is passed. Since the battery works based on chemical reactions, power generated decreases at a low temperature and, in particular, it runs out very quickly when the temperature is below zero. Also, the battery runs out fast when it is used at a high temperature because the power consumption increases. If you cannot charge the battery fully, do as instructed below.
- ☐ LED is not turned on while charging the battery.
  - Disconnect the AC power cord from the charger and connect the DC cord to the charging jack. Connect the AC power cord in 10 to 15 seconds. The LED of the battery is turned on red and charging begins.
- □ Nothing is displayed on the indicator of the battery



☐ When the battery indicator provides wrong information			
	Use the indicator information only for your information.		
9.2	Splice		
	When an error message appears on the screen.		
	■ Refer to the [Error message list] for detailed information.		
	Irregular or higher splice loss		
	<ul> <li>Clean the V-groove, V-block, reflection mirror and objective lenses referring to [Maintenance]. Replace the electrode referring to [Maintenance].</li> <li>If the fiber is twisted or bent, place the bent direction down. The splice loss will vary depending on the cleaving angle, arc discharge conditions and the contamination condition of fiber. If you cannot fix the higher spice loss problem after performing abovementioned methods, contact ILSINTECH Co., Ltd. It is recommended to conduct a regular maintenance of the machine once per year to ensure good splice quality.</li> </ul>		
	Monitor is turned off suddenly  Press any key and check [Monitor Power Save].		
_	The power of the splicer is turned off suddenly.  Turn on the splicer again and check [Splicer Power Save].		
	Unable to change arc discharge amount and time.		

■ Charge the battery.



	modes by performing [Arc Calibration]. The Arc amount and time will set automatically to prevent from being changed in other mode.
	How to set pause
	Refer to [Option Menu].
	Difference between estimated splice loss and measured splice loss.
	■ The estimated splice loss is just a result from computation so it has to be used for reference only.
9.3	Sleeve heater
	The sleeve heater does not give sufficient shrinkage.
	■ Increase the duration of heating time. Refer to [Heat Menu] for more information.
	The sleeve heater is overheated.
	Stop the operation of the heater by pressing . Turn off the power and contact ILSINTECH Co., Ltd.
	■ When the sleeve is not separated from the heating plate, use a cotton swab or a similar object to this to push or remove the sleeve.
	How to initialize the heating condition in the heat mode?
	■ Refer to [Heat Menu] for more information.
	How to cancel the heating process?

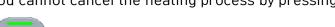
■ You cannot change arc amount and time in SM, NZ, MM or Auto

mode. A proper arc discharge amount can be maintained in these





■ You cannot cancel the heating process by pressing



. Press

one more time to cancel it.

### 9.4 The others

	I I a L a	1 1 -	"C-1:"	" [ ] [ ] [ ] "		1 1 - °
ш	HOW TO	IOCK	"Splice",	Eait	or nea	it mode?

- Refer to [Lock Menu] for more information.
- Arc amount is not changed after performing [Arc Calibration].
  - Internal factors are calibrated. Arc discharge amount displayed on each splice mode is not changed. The calibration result affects entire splice modes.
- $\square$  If you forget the password,
  - Contact ILSINTECH Co., Ltd.



# X. Warranty period and service

#### Limited Liability

ILSINTECH warrants its products against defects in material and workmanship. Under normal use and service, every hardware portion of the products will be free from physical defects in material and workmanship during the warranty period, or the product will be repaired or replaced as determined solely by ILSINTECH. Customers will be charged for the repair of the machine even if in-warranty period, if such defect or damage occurred as a result of

- i. Natural disaster(s),
- ii. Applying over-voltage
- iii. Customer's mishandling
- iv. Customer's misuse without following instructions or operation procedures provided by this user manual
- v. Expendables (including electrode)

### 10.1 Information required for repair

Before sending the splicer to us, it is necessary to contact ILSINTECH Co., Ltd first.

- i. Write following information on a piece of paper and attach it to the machine.
- ii. (Name, Department, Company, Address, Phone number, Fax number and email address)
- iii. Serial number of the machine
- iv. The operation condition of the arc fusion splicer and error messages that has appeared by the time the machine is sent to ILSINTECH Co., Ltd.

### 10.2 Transport



The Swift KR7 is high precision equipment, so it is required to transport after keeping it in a safe case to protect it from humidity, vibration and physical shock. In case of request for repair, it must be in the case along with its parts before its transport.

# 10.3 Repair

Any data saved in the memory including splice results and splice modes may be deleted as a result of repair.



# **Products Warranty**

Name of product		SWIFT KR7
Production	Number	
Date of pur	chase	
Customor	Name	Telephone
Customer	Address	

### Limited Warranty

- 1. This product is manufactured under strict quality management and inspection processes.
- ILSINTECH Co., Ltd warrants this product against defective materials and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of purchase. However, this warranty does not cover a damage or failure caused by or attributable to a reason for Exclusion and Limitations even if the equipment is still under warranty.
- 3. This warranty card has to be presented when the product is repaired.
- 4. The arc fusion splicer is high precision equipment, so it is required to transport after keeping it in an exclusive carrier case to protect it from humidity, vibration and physical shock.

### **Exclusion and Limitations**

This warranty will not cover a damage or failure and charges (repairing charge + part + travel expenses) will apply even if the equipment is still under warranty, if such damage or failure has occurred due to or when

- 1. Natural disaster.
- 2. Applying over-voltage.
- 3. Customer's mishandling.
- 4. Customer's misuse without following instructions or operation procedures provided by this user manual.
- 5. The stamped seal is broken or damaged.
  - When you require maintenance or repair service, please contact the service center or the dealer you purchased the machine.